

Contents & Creators

COVER ART

FÉLIX THE ROVER - Born in Paris, Félix moved to Brussels in order to do a bachelor/master degree in Comics/Publishing. From there, he has worked on the massive collective zine Satan Disco with Controle Turbo; Born in Winter, a 12-meters silent fresco; and has recently finished The Changing of the Guard for David Lloyd's Aces Weekly.

Instagram: @the rover comics

BlueSky: @therovercomics.bsky.social - Twitter: @The Heretik



CONSENSUAL ELEVATION

MYFANWY TRISTRAM is interested in the power of comics to educate, enrage and create change. As well as the small details of everyday life, her work tackles global systemic issues, while aiming to weave in humour and beauty. Recent projects include Draw The Line, Sorry For The Inconvenience, and The Noisy Valley.

Website: myfanwytristram.com - Instagram: @myfanwytristram

Patreon: www.patreon.com/MyfanwyTristram



IN THE PURSUIT OF STARDUST

KAY SOHINI is a writer and cartoonist based in New York. Her work has been published in The Washington Post, Women Write About Comics, The Nib, among others. Her graphic memoir This Beautiful, Ridiculous City is slated to be published by Jonathan Cape (Penguin Random House) in 2024.

Website: www.kaysohini.com/portfolio - Instagram: @kaysohini Twitter: @KaySohini



UNITING AGAINST WHAT DIVIDES US

KARRIE FRANSMAN created comics for The Guardian, The Times and The British Red Cross. She is creative director at PositiveNegatives - who use comics to amplify research. She co-created 'Gender Swapped Fairy Tales' (2020) and 'Greek Myths' (2023) with Jonathan Plackett (Faber & Faber) and published 'The House That Groaned' (2012), and the award winning 'Death of the Artist' (2015) with Penguin Random House. Website: karriefransman.com



ANATOMY OF A PROTEST CROWD

ADAM ALLSUCH BOARDMAN is an illustrator based in Leeds. His works are characterised as a blend of diagrammatic and editorial imagery with a pinch of playful composition and colour. Adam's past clients have included The Economist, Nobrow, Usborne and The Hyde Park Picture House.

Instagram: @aaab_illustration



BLESSING

OF THE SEA

MARCO DEL GALLO is an anthropologist, PhD candidate at the London School of Economics (LSE). His research interests lie at the intersection of theories of urbanism, labour, and the state in Indonesia.

NADIYAH SUYATNA is an illustrator based in Indonesia. She draws inspiration from urban landscapes and everyday life. Website: nadiyahsuyatna.com



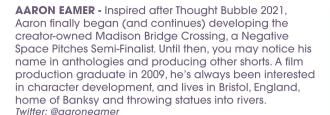












FEDERICA MANCIN - Based in Italy, Ika developed an interest for drawing while attending university. After obtaining her degree in languages, she attended the International School of Comics, receiving her diploma in 2020. She enjoys reading most genres, ranging from sci-fi to slice-of-life tales and is most recently known for winning Marvel's Art Atelier competition and as interior artist on Miles Morales: Spider-Man.

Twitter: @lkaDraws - Instagram: @lkadraws95

DOUG LEE - Doug likes colour. Not just the art of colour but also the science of colour. He also likes the spelling of colour and will never accept alternatives. He has been learning to colour under K. Michael Russell and is in the process of adding further colouring credits to his name. When not colouring, Doug occasionally writes, though procrastinates by colouring.

Twitter: @DougColours - Instagram: @DougColours

TAYLOR ESPOSITO - A Tripwire and Ringo Award-winning comic book letterer, Taylor is owner of Ghost Glyph Studios and teacher at the legendary Kubert School. A former staff letterer at DC and production artist at Marvel, he has lettered titles such as Red Hood and The Outlaws and Constantine. Other publishers he has worked with include Image, Dark Horse, Line Webtoon, Dynamite and IDW.

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ALBERTO RAYO is a comic book writer and editor from Lima, Perú. He walks a lot and loves to ride the bus, despite what this comic may indicate. He also loves writing short bios. *Instagram/Twitter: @rayointhebottle*

SEBASTIAN CARRILLO is a 23 year old comic book artist from Peru. His career in design has informed the graphic approach to his page layouts. Experimentation with techniques, formats and the medium itself, as well as narrating stories set in Lima, Peru are what drives his fondness of comics.

Instagram: @sebascarrillocortez - Twitter: @Sebasti38998519 Website: www.artstation.com/sebastiancarrillocortez PASSENGER

KING

UNDER THE

BRIDGE





COLIN McFARLANE (editor & project lead) is Professor of Urban Geography at Durham University and leads the DenCity European Research Council project. He is author of Waste and the City: The Crisis of Sanitation and the Right to Citylife (Verso), Fragments of the City: Making and Remaking Urban Worlds (University of California Press), and Learning the City: Knowledge and Translocal Assemblage (Wiley). Website: www.durham.ac.uk/staff/colin-mcfarlane/ - Twitter: @ColinMcFarlane3

JORDAN COLLVER (editor & designer) is an illustrator and research communicator using visual narratives in comics to explore themes of science, nature, history, and belief. He is the artist for the Eisner-nominated comic Hocus Pocus: Magic, Mystery & The Mind, and is an associate lecturer in science communication at the University of the West of England. He sounds Canadian but lives in Bristol, UK.

Website: jordancollver.myportfolio.com - Twitter etc: @JordanCollver





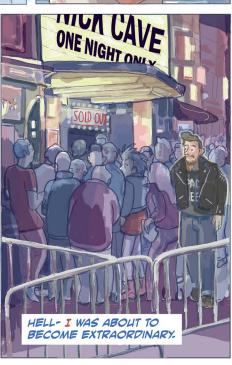














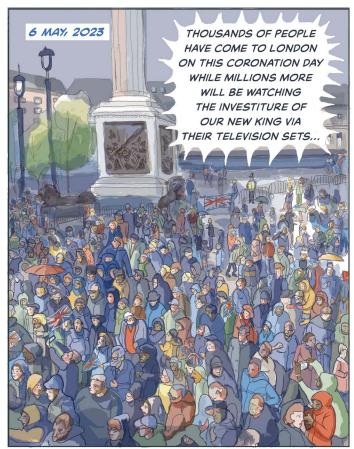




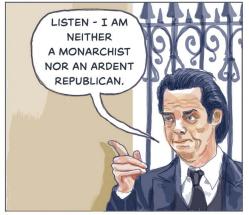


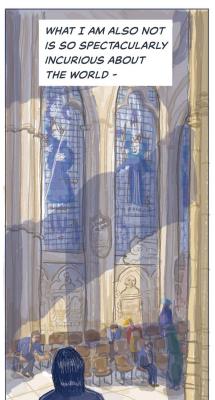






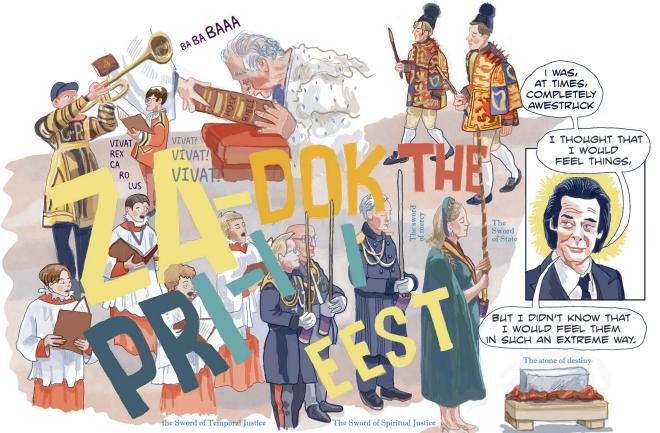
















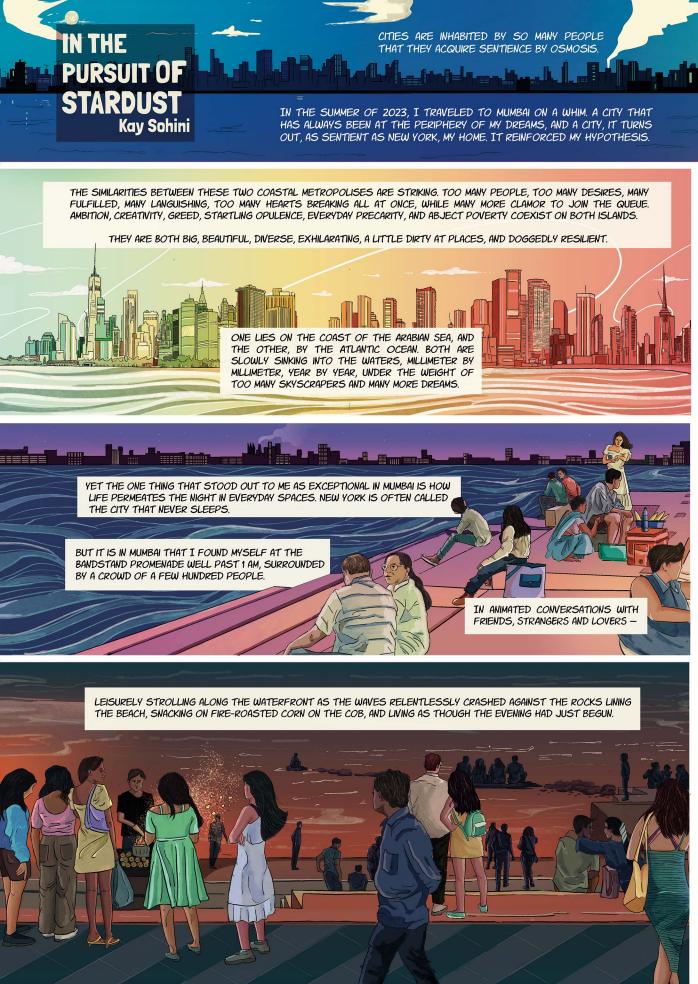


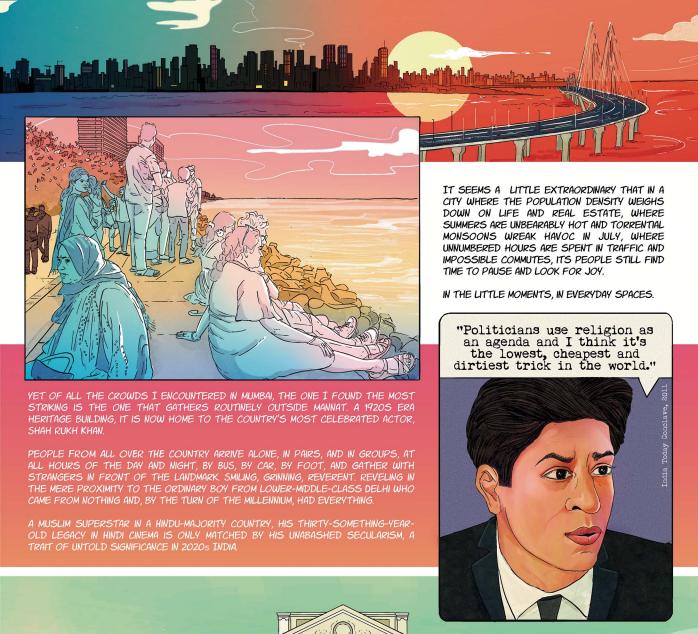












A CROWD SO UNIQUE IN ITS

INCEPTION AND PREMISE-

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WHAT DOES IT SAY OF OUR DESIRES?

"MANNAT," WHICH ROUGHLY TRANSLATES TO A PRAYER OR A WISH FULFILLED, HAS BEEN EXALTED TO THE STATUS OF AN URBAN PILGRIMAGE OF SORTS OVER THE YEARS.

SPRAWLING BY THE STANDARDS OF MUMBAI REAL ESTATE, IT HAS COME TO REPRESENT FLICKERING BELIEF IN A SYSTEM THAT ONCE PROMISED TO REWARD HARD WORK (EVEN WHEN UNACCOMPANIED BY SOCIAL CAPITAL).

AND THE LEGIONS OF PEOPLE OUTSIDE MANNAT, IS A SURE, IF PECULIAR, SIGN THAT HOPE STILL LINGERS IN THIS CITY, AMIDST THE INEQUALITY AND THE CHAOS, AND AGAINST ALL ODDS.

UNITING AGAINST WHAT DIVIDES US

BY KARRIE FRANSMAN



But this diversity was a double edged sword. "We had political upheaval and quite a few demonstrations. In the months before the war there was an attempt to cut the city into parts by masked gunmen but the people turned out and destroyed those barricades."



shooting and killed 2 women and this is officially when the siege starts.

And it doesn't matter if there's 10,000 of you. You can be shot."

E761



Buhotina

"The city became our sanctuary as well as our asylum and prison because the city, that 10 square miles, was under siege.

It is in the hole surrounded by the mountains."



The city was under siege for nearly 1500 daysthe longest siege of a capital city in modern history. 13,952 people died.



"There was a really calculated genocide and urbicide. Physically destroying the spaces where we coexisted. Sarajevo was this place where you didn't really ask for people's nationality or ethnicity or religion and you didn't care. The separatist nationalist needed to destroy any reminder that life was possible together and better."

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Zrinka and her family lived in a brand new building that had been built for the Olympics.

"My apartment block had 12 floors. Each floor had 4 apartments. We would be going up and down.

It became a vertical street."

"When a mortar lands and hits the concrete it disperses itself into 400 deadly pieces of shrapnel. The noise of it is absolutely horrifying because you can't place it. When the shelling stops you have the silence... and that was the spookiest sound of no sound at all. In cities there's always a hum. There's electricity in the wall, people travelling, driving. And all of that disappears."

"A group of us young journalists started working with foreign correspondents... We thought that if the world knows the truth and the facts then all of this is going to be resolved really quickly. And somewhere through the winter I literally had frostbite and we started realising we had no oil or gold or diamonds and nobody cares."

Zrinka's work as an international journalist allowed her a press pass and to board a UN plane. She arrived in London as a refugee in September 1993.

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Bpisavka Saisa

Politja*

Kuršumlija Kypuymnija ica Besiane

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Map Data @2023 Google

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of the Mother of God...

'I have to say as much as I love London now... I hated it."

Zrinka expected a modern metropolis and was
surprised at how Victorian London seemed to be.



The Brits she met were welcoming.

"People were really supportive and kind and understanding because we were all so traumatised. In this state of trauma it's almost like having a buzz in your ears and a high temperature all the time."



But the process of seeking asylum for a refugee was less so. "From the structural point of view there was a very aggressive rejection. I was refused asylum because I travelled through another country which is exactly the problem we have now."

"In 1997 when Labour came into power they decided that everyone from the former Yugoslavia was allowed to settle. It took 3 years and then I was on this pathway that took 10 years to get citizenship and I couldn't leave the country."

But even after her battle for citizenship was over, Zrinka continued to fight for her fellow refugees.



By 2015 she was working with Citizen UK, CalAid and setting up Refugee Welcome

when Zrinka heard for the first time about Ros Ereira.

Ros had worked as a TV producer and was a mum. In September 2015 she saw there was going to be an EU summit.



She couldn't find a demonstration to join to show support for refugees so she set up a little Facebook group

PLAISTOW

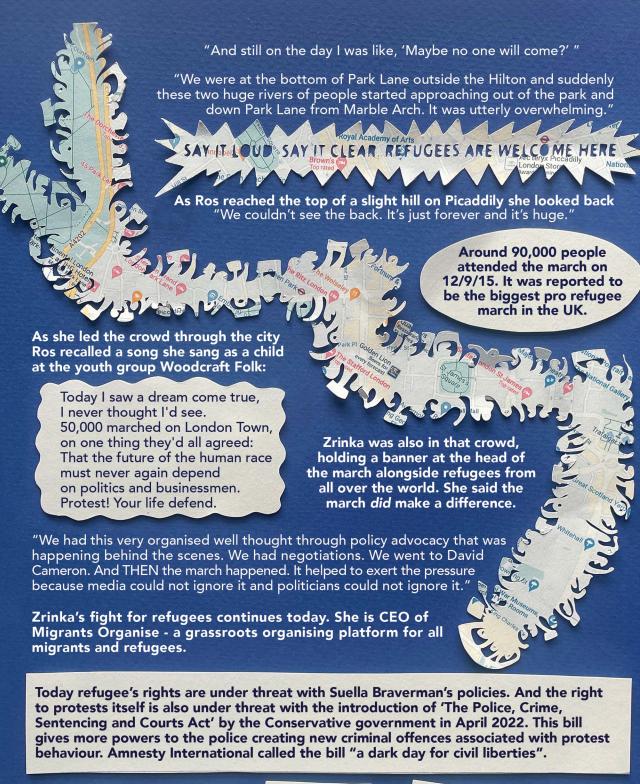
"The next morning the picture of Alan Kurdi was in the paper. That particular picture made a big impact, partly because I think it looked like everyone's sleeping toddler."



"Even the Daily Mail cared about refugees that day. And suddenly the numbers on that march went spirling. We had 10 days. So literally for about a week I didn't get dressed, I didn't have time."



Ros was joined by an amazing team of refugees, refugee advocates, charities and event planners. She met with the Met Police, Trafalgar Square Greater London Authority, Transport For London and Westminster Council to plan the protest.



The power to They can close Protest or be protests is a Protest! crowds can cities down or dispersed human right Your life come together open cities up by a single that must be defend. over a single to welcome bullet photograph protected. outsiders in.

ANATOMY OF A PROTEST CROWD





Police Gear

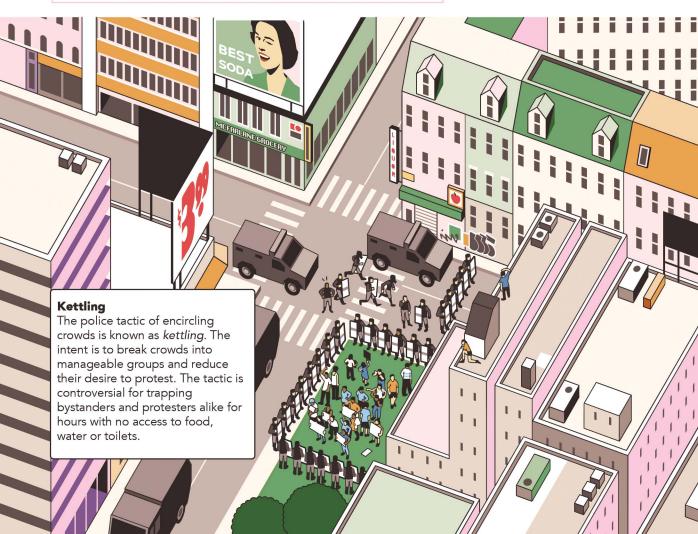
- 1. Riot Truck deterrence and transport
- 2. Baton melee weapon
- 3. Riot Shotgun less-lethal ammunition
- I. Pepper Spray chemical weapon
- 5. Tear Gas Cannister chemical weapon
- . Riot Gun less-lethal ammunition





Police

Police are deployed for the purposes of crowd control, public order and as a form of deterrence. Riot gear can include armour and an arsenal of weaponry. While special riot weaponry is designed to be less than lethal, injury and the rare death is sadly possible.

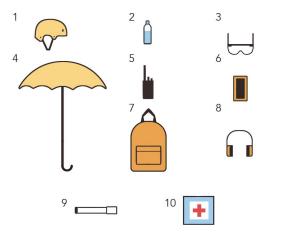




Protesters

A protest is a public demonstration to express disapproval or to show support. A protest can range from a single person to a crowd of thousands. Many things can catalyse a protest; including government policy, climate concerns and war.

The vast majority of protests are peaceful. However, violent clashes with police and counter-protesters have led some to wear protective clothing, and in some cases, carry weaponry.



Protester Gear

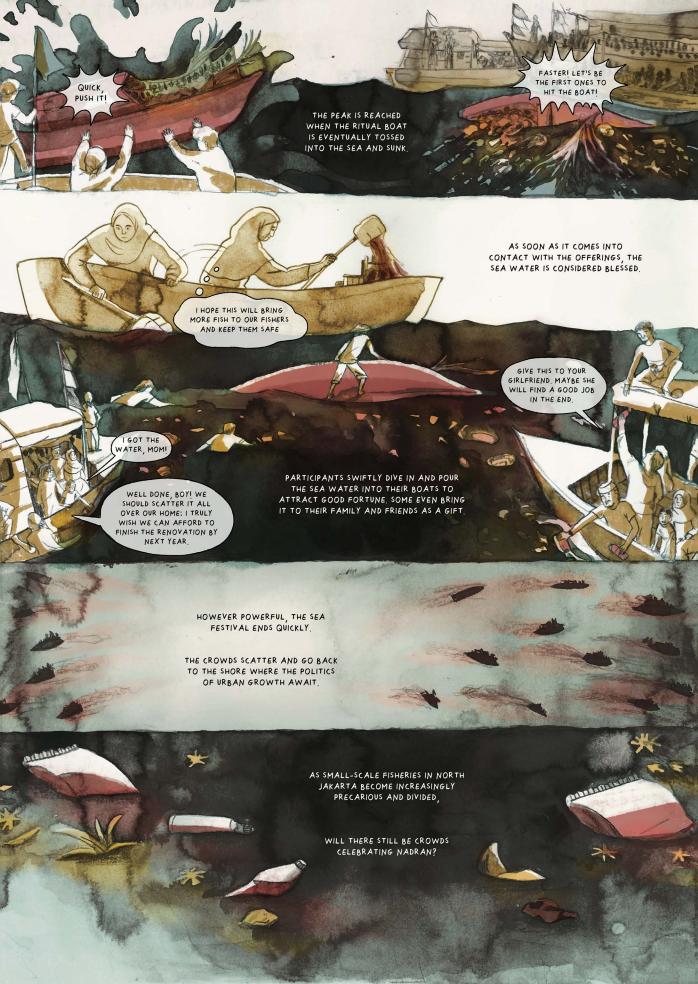
- 1. Helmet protection from projectiles
- 2. Water used to deter dehydration
- 3. Goggles protection from tear gas
- 4. Umbrella defence against weather
- 5. Walkie-Talkie communication
- 6. Mobile Phone communication and recording
- 7. Rucksack used to store first aid and food
- 8. Ear Protection protection from sound weapons
- 9. Flare symbolic and attention-grabbing
- 10. First Aid plasters and clean cloths







































































Reflecting on DenCity

Density defines cities, and cities define density.

Density is a rhythm, dancing in the city. It might be a crowd ebbing and flowing, in silence and full voice, still or in motion. The crowd waiting for the traffic lights to change at a busy city centre crossing in Tokyo or New York. The evening crowd in the concert hall waiting in anticipation of the band to take to the stage, then erupting into euphoria when they finally appear. Or, the crowd waiting, massing to watch a spectacle: a football final, a war memorialisation, a King's coronation. Crowds composed of an alchemy all kinds of views, experiences, and emotions: solemn, awed, elated, or moved, others angered, frustrated, confused, or alienated. And then, density dispersed as the crowd returns home.

Density is political. During the COVID-19 pandemic, restrictions meant that even small gatherings of people could be seen as a 'crowd' that violated the rules, with sometimes heavy-handed policing in response. In cities all over the world, thousands gathered in the streets to break those restrictions and assert that Black Lives Matter. All over the world, city centres regularly witness marches chanting support for refugees, demanding an end to war, calling for better pay and working conditions, insisting that another world is possible. The crowd like a great wave at sea, crashing down on cities demanding change, generating solidarities and flashes of hope.

Density is shaped by the city's inequalities. Just as the city concentrates wealth and poverty, aspiration and despair, so too does it concentrate people into prosperous or deprived areas. Hyper urban development from Jakarta and Mumbai to Nairobi and London takes shape as a densification of people, money and increasingly tall buildings that most cannot afford.

Densities of opulence and densities of deprivation are connected, not separate. The former often depends on the latter for cheap labour, from driving buses to cleaning houses or staffing cafes and collecting garbage. Meanwhile, indigenous and traditional communities can be left fractured and alienated, clinging to cultural histories and festivals that are losing their footing in rapidly changing cities.

Density is hardwired. It cannot happen without a material substrate to enable it. The buses, trains and cars that move compressed bodies around congested transport networks. The smart phones used to organise protests. The helmets, goggles and first aid kits of protestors, and the riot trucks, batons and tear gas cannisters of the police. The precarious shoddily built houses in neighbourhoods or refugee camps where people struggle to maintain a decent home, or access basic water and sanitation. We take so much of the 'stuff' of density for granted except when it's gone, when the buses stop or the power cut kicks in or the internet goes down.

Densities are recorded and visualised. If a protest escalates, or if a police encounter with a gathering of homeless people spirals to violence, moments of drama might be filmed on smart phones. What happens next, if and when the video clip goes viral? 'Going viral' is itself a kind of density. The viral moment encounters other crowds on social media, crowds that are stretched across the globe rather than located in one place, expressing their dismay or support in their echo chamber of choice. In these online-offline cross-overs, density does not stop in the city.

WHAT IS DENSITY TO YOU?

Are there densities you are drawn to or repelled by? That you love or hate? That have moved or inspired you? That have left their mark? How do densities shape your experience of the city?

If you care about cities, this collection of comics will leave you with a lot to think about...

Density is the beating heart of the city, changing from day to day and variously surprising us, frightening us, exhausting us, inspiring us, and energising us. We might be drawn to it and caught up in it, or desperate to get as far as possible from it. This anthology brings together contributors from across the world, and vividly shows that, for better or worse, density is a shared global urban experience. From London, Sarajevo and New York, to Mumbai, Jakarta and Lima, to live in a city is to encounter and deal with all kinds of density.

Cities are engines producing densities over and over again. The squeezed daily commute, the bustling urban market, or the busy cacophony of city beaches and parks. Far more than just numbers of people, density is the very life of the city. It is people jostling onto buses and trains, crowding into bars and cafes, gathering for protests, singing together at a concert, navigating the busy festival, 'holding it in' at long queues for toilets, and much more besides.

This project was funded by the European Research Council (project 773209), supported by Durham University, and edited by Jordan Collver and Colin McFarlane.







